

Mission

- Replacement of breeding rams in the existing flocks in phased manner
- Encourage entrepreneurship development in sheep rearing & ram lamb rearing
- Interventions for better reproductive efficiency and realizing productivity potential

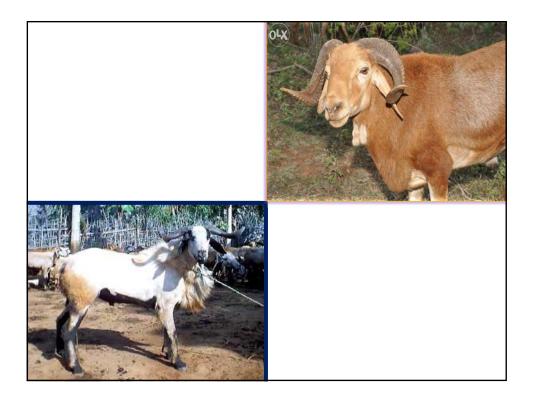


	state	and	FPO'	s pro	posec	
S.No	Name of District	No. of Mandals	sheep population	Goat population	Total Population	No. of FPO's required
1	Ananthapur	63	3879840	785210	4665050	20
2	Kurnool	54	1504671	506173	2010844	8
3	Kadapa	51	1403224	457896	1861120	7
4	Prakasam	56	1406578	406239	1812817	7
5	Chittoor	66	1250077	428721	1678798	6
6	Nellore	46	1051938	351426	1403364	5
7	Guntur	57	621122	213249	834371	3
8	Krishna	50	508061	151118	659179	3
9	West Godavari	48	431461	193218	624679	2
10	East Godavari	64	229006	292201	521207	1
11	Visakhapatnam	43	252610	324024	576634	1
12	Vizianagaram	34	423123	173751	596874	2
13	Srikakulam	38	575046	212300	787346	2
	No. of FPO's	670	13536757	4495526	18032283	67

Distribution Pattern of Small Ruminants in Andhra Pradesh

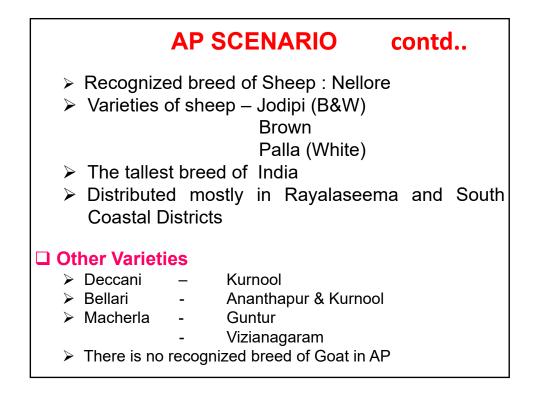
-	Totals :	13	13559822	100%	4495526	100%
4	Rayalaseema	4	8037812	59.28%	2178000	48.45%
3	Coastal	3	1191593	8.79%	636537	14.15%
2	South Coastal	3	3079638	22.71%	970914	21.60%
1	North Coastal	3	1250779	9.22%	710075	15.80%
Sl. No.	Region	No. of districts	Sheep Population (Lakh No.)	Percentage	Goat Population (Lakh No.)	Percentage

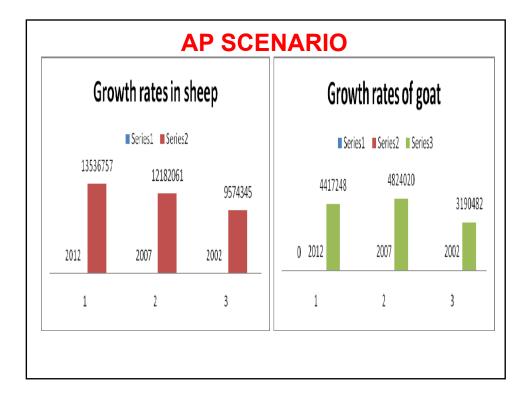
I	NDIAN S	CENARIO	
Ranks 3 rd in	world sheep	population with	650.69 lak
sheep			
Culling rate	in Sheep 33	% & in Goat 38%	1
0	•	of sheep – 10 kg	
Average ca			3
Annual Slau	ughter percer	ntage in Sheep	33% & Goa [.]
Annual Slau 66%	ughter percer	ntage in Sheep :	33% & Goa [.]
	ughter percer	Annual Production	33% & GOa Value to GDP
66%			
66% si. no.	Item	Annual Production	Value to GDP
66% si. no. 1	Item Meat	Annual Production	Value to GDP 18.756 bl.
66% sl. No. 1 2	Item Meat Wool	Annual Production	Value to GDP 18.756 bl. 1.9 L

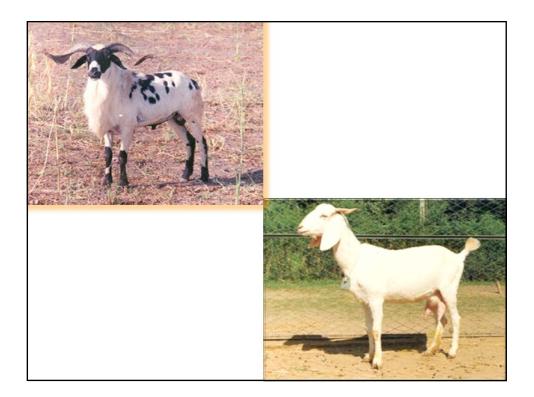


AP SCENARIO

- ✓ A.P. ranks 1st in Sheep population (135 lakhs) & 14th in Goat Population (44 lakhs) in the country
- ✓ No of families in Small Ruminant Rearing: 3 lakh
- ✓ Annual Meat production : 5.28 LMT
- ✓ GSDP contribution Rs. 1200 Cr







OPPORTUNITIES

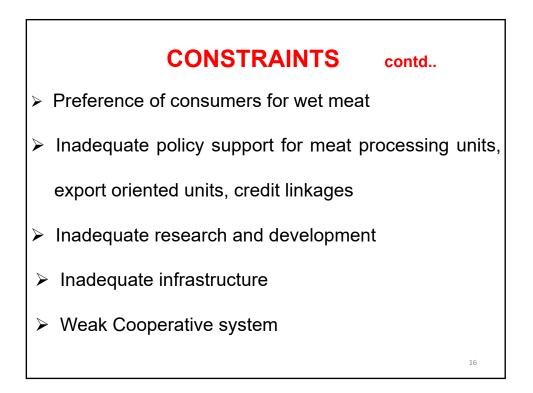
- ✤ No cultural barriers in mutton consumption
- Changing food habits of people
- ✤ Increase in the purchasing power of consumers
- Small Gestation Periods
- High prolificacy of small ruminants
- Suitable environment
- Increasing demand for mutton
- Climate smart fodder security policy in the state
- Scope for entrepreneurship in the state

OPPORTUNITIES contd..

- With little investment immediate livelihood option for the poor
- Availability of one of the best & climate resilient breeds
- Availability of Indigenous Technical Knowledge with the farmers
- Existence of extensive Co-operative net work
- Availability of fallow lands
- Entry of big market players like Mc. Donalds
- Scope for value addition
- Scope for Crop diversification
- SEZ at Nellore for leather Industry



- > High incidence of inbreeding
- Slaughter at very early age or lower live weights
- Shrinkage of grazing lands
- Stress due to migration
- Marketing controlled by middle men
- Inadequate coverage of veterinary services



I	Dist		Pattern Andhra I	-	& Goat
	Rank	District	Sheep Population		Goat Population

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11	Vizianagaram	423123	11	West Godavari	193218
12	Visakhapatnam	252610	12	Vizianagaram	173751
13	East Godavari	246722	13	Krishna	151118

Growth Pattern of Livestock & Poultry in Andhra Pradesh (2007 to 2012)

S1. No.	Species	Population in 2007	Population in 2012	Change
1	Cattle	5472784	4715649	-13.84%
2	Buffaloes	8229737	6462371	-21.48%
3	Sheep	12182061	13559822	11.31%
4	Goats	4824020	4495526	-6.81%
5	Pigs	205703	157301	-23.53%
6	Poultry	74536821	80583096	8.11%

Production of Milk, Meat and Eggs in
Andhra Pradesh

S1. No	Year	Milk (LMT)	Meat (MT)	Eggs (Cr.)
1	2009-10	72.38	3.49	1139.32
2	2010-11	77.34	3.84	1163.83
3	2011-12	84.02	4.40	1224.40
4	2012-13	88.10	4.78	1287.40
5	2013-14	90.83	4.89	1272.69
6	2014-15	96.56	5.28	1309.79

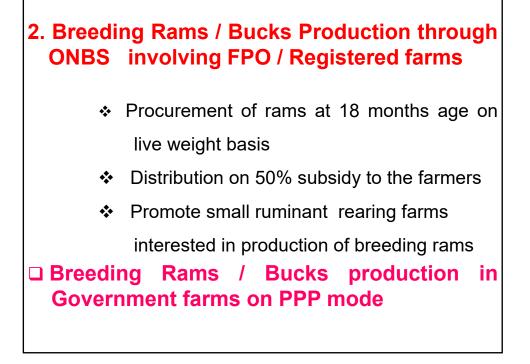




1. Initiatives to Check inbreeding

- ✓ Ram / Buck exchange events
- ✓ Cash incentive of Rs.1000/- per breeding Ram
 / Buck
- ✓ Transport incentive of Rs. 500/- (or) Rs. 250/per breeding Ram / Buck
- ✓ Incentive for Insurance coverage of 2 yrs





3. Fodder production initiatives

- Improvement of CPRs with 100% grant from Government as per fodder security policy
- Complete feed mixing plants with

a revolving fund for it's operation

4. Support for construction of Drinking Water Troughs

 100% cost of construction of drinking water troughs from MGNREGS funds



- Support for construction of sheds on 75% subsidy (Max.Rs 30000/-)
- Additional subsidy for elevated platforms (Max.Rs 20000/-)
- Dovetail funds under MGNREGS

6.Formation of rearers institutions (FPOs) through business incubation centers

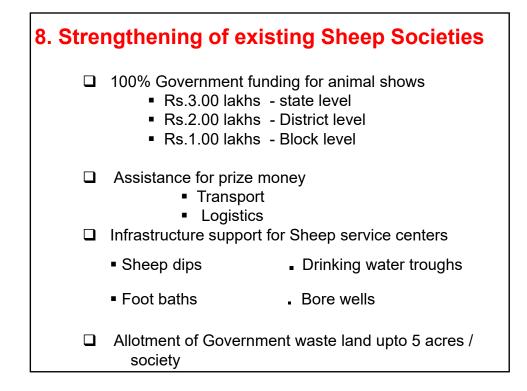
 Financial Assistance from NABARD / GOI / State Government.

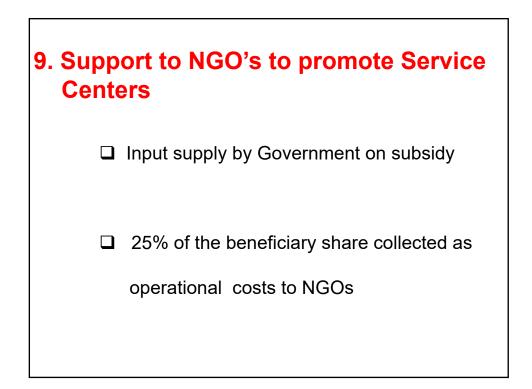


7. Empowerment of shepherds

- Train AVIKA BANDHUS sponsored by the community
- Provide medicines and vaccines as preventive measures free of cost
- Support AVIKA BANDHUS with mobile phone including monthly rental package

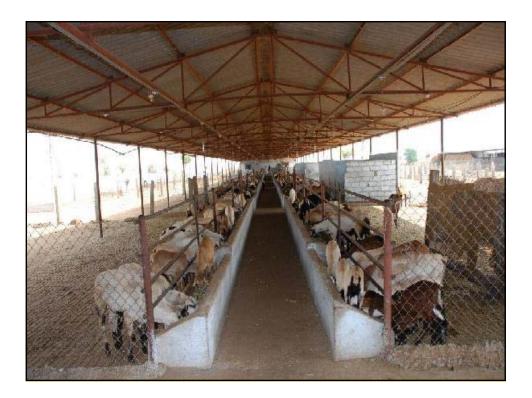






10. Support for care of Pregnant ewe / doe

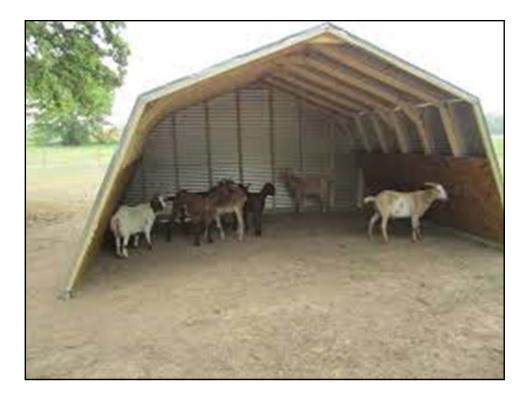
- Only in identified flocks
- Only in villages where breeding Rams production is planned
- ✤ (75%) subsidy on the feeding inputs
- (100%) subsidy on health care
- Last 2 months of pregnancy



11.Support to Intensive or Semi Intensive system of sheep rearing

Provision of sheds

- Only to those rearers with 100 sheep / goat and who own 3acres of land either own / lease
- (75%) subsidy for construction of sheds (Max.Rs:75000/-)
- Complete feed mixing unit with chaffer and grinder on 50% subsidy
- Support for 100 units every year



12. Measures to check migration in drought area

 Feed and Fodder supply as per the provisions of fodder security policy (Rs 3/- per kg of dry fodder & Rs 4/- per kg of concentrated Feed



13. Compensation to the Sheep & Goat lost in Natural calamities

- > Existing norms prescribed at the time of HUDHUD cyclone
- > Rs 2500/-per head
- > Max Rs.10000/- (4 Animals) per farmer

14. Community Managed Risk Management for risk due to Diseases

2/3rd matching contribution to the corpus fund of FPOs

15. Access to credit for intensive Sheep/Goat farms (100-500 animal units)

✤ (7%) Interest subvention for 5 years

(Max Rs.10.00) lakhs / unit

Only for establishment of farms

16. Distribution of Sheep / Goat units and Ram Lamb units

- Only by the welfare organizations
- Subsidy by the respective agencies as per scheme guide lines



17.Establishment and Strengthening of Sheep Market Yards

 (100%) grant for infrastructure development (either existing or new yards)

18.Promotion of Terminal Market yard for livestock

- ➢ VGF –GOI 20%
- ➢ VGF GOAP −20%

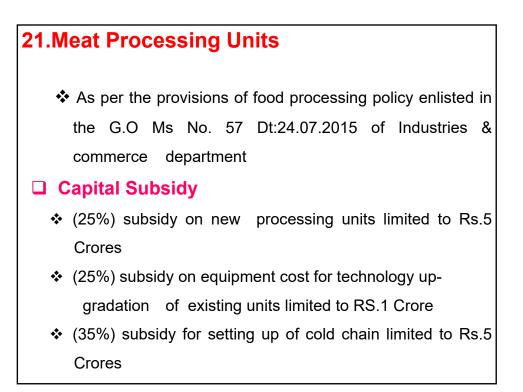
19.Construction of Modern Slaughter house in urban areas

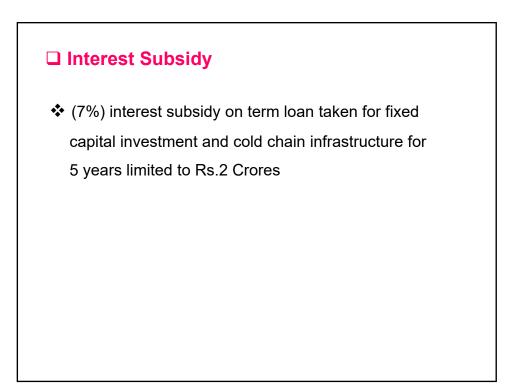
> As per the provisions of GOI scheme

20.Support to rural slaughter houses

- Through Entrepreneurs
- ➢ 50% subsidy
- Involvement of local bodies













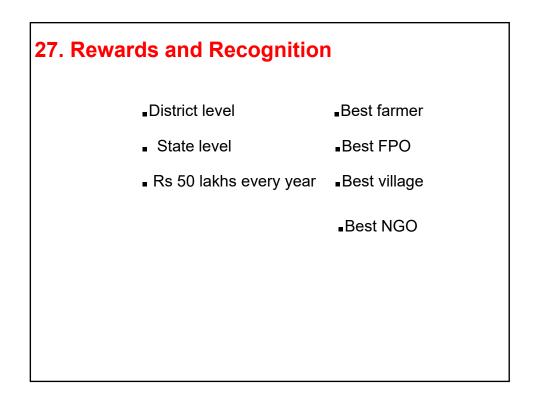
22. Mobile Meat marketing outlets

- ✓ As Entrepreneurship activity
- ✓ In urban & semi urban areas (Max.Rs.10.00 lakhs)
- ✓ 50% subsidy (Max.Rs.10.00 lakhs)

23.District Small Ruminant Development Centers

- ✓ Infrastructure support under RIDF
- ✓ one Assistant Director will look after the Small Ruminant development activities at district level

24.Training to the shepherds and Avika Bandhu ✓ 100% subsidy from Government 25. Research and Development ✓ Sheep research station at Banvasi with Rs.30.00 cr. 26. I.E.C. activities ✓ Government to develop model villages with best practices ✓ 100% subsidy



POLICY OUTCOMES

- ✓ Check inbreeding in the flocks
- ✓ Reduction in lamb mortality
- ✓ Hygienic meat to the consumer
- ✓ Better health care to the small Ruminants
- ✓ Demo models for Intensive system of rearing
- ✓ Better price to the rearers on live weight basis
- ✓ Possible to check migration of flocks during lean season
- Value addition to meat offers export potential to other states / countries

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- ✓ Increase in per capita consumption of meat
- ✓ Increase in Mutton production

